

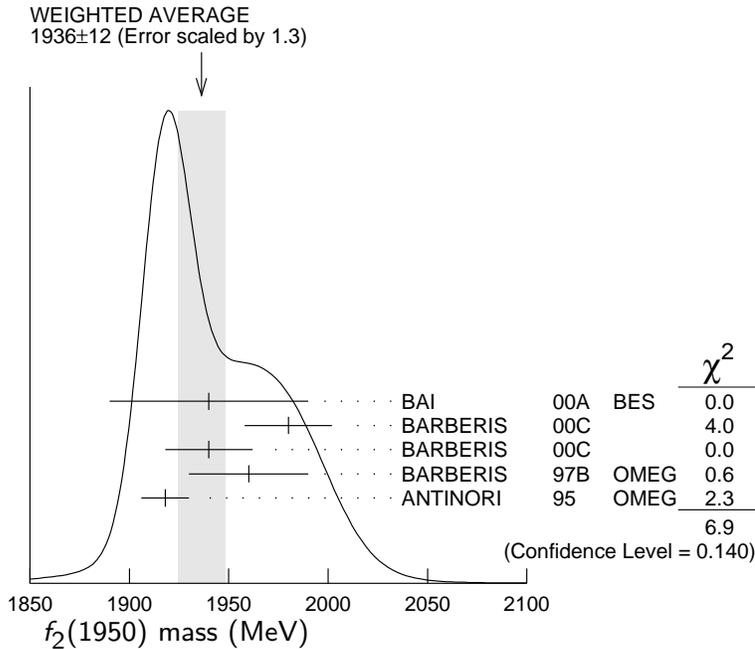
# $f_2(1950)$

$$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(2^{++})$$

## $f_2(1950)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1936 ± 12 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.		
1940 ± 50	BAI	00A BES	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-)$
1980 ± 22	<sup>1</sup> BARBERIS	00C	450 $pp \rightarrow pp4\pi$
1940 ± 22	<sup>2</sup> BARBERIS	00C	450 $pp \rightarrow pp2\pi2\pi^0$
1960 ± 30	BARBERIS	97B OMEG	450 $pp \rightarrow pp2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
1918 ± 12	ANTINORI	95 OMEG	300,450 $pp \rightarrow pp2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
2038 <sup>+13+12</sup> <sub>-11-73</sub>	<sup>3</sup> UEHARA	09 BELL	10.6 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0\pi^0$
1930 ± 25	<sup>4</sup> BINON	05 GAMS	33 $\pi^-p \rightarrow \eta\eta n$
1980 ± 2 ± 14	ABE	04 BELL	10.6 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-K^+K^-$
1867 ± 46	<sup>5</sup> AMSLER	02 CBAR	0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0\eta\eta, \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$
2010 ± 25	ANISOVICH	00J SPEC	
1980 ± 50	ANISOVICH	99B SPEC	1.35–1.94 $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \eta\eta\pi^0$
~ 1990	<sup>6</sup> OAKDEN	94 RVUE	0.36–1.55 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi\pi$
1950 ± 15	<sup>7</sup> ASTON	91 LASS	11 $K^-p \rightarrow \Lambda K\bar{K}\pi\pi$

- <sup>1</sup> Decaying into  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ .
- <sup>2</sup> Decaying into  $2(\pi^+\pi^-)$ .
- <sup>3</sup> Taking into account  $f_4(2050)$ .
- <sup>4</sup> First solution, PWA is ambiguous.
- <sup>5</sup> T-matrix pole.
- <sup>6</sup> From solution B of amplitude analysis of data on  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi\pi$ . See however KLOET 96 who fit  $\pi^+\pi^-$  only and find waves only up to  $J = 3$  to be important but not significantly resonant.
- <sup>7</sup> Cannot determine spin to be 2.



**$f_2(1950)$  WIDTH**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>464 \pm 24</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>			
$380^{+120}_{-90}$	BAI	00A	BES $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-)$
$520 \pm 50$	<sup>8</sup> BARBERIS	00C	450 $pp \rightarrow pp4\pi$
$485 \pm 55$	<sup>9</sup> BARBERIS	00C	450 $pp \rightarrow pp4\pi$
$460 \pm 40$	BARBERIS	97B	OMEG 450 $pp \rightarrow pp2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
$390 \pm 60$	ANTINORI	95	OMEG 300,450 $pp \rightarrow pp2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
$441^{+27+28}_{-25-192}$	<sup>10</sup> UEHARA	09	BELL 10.6 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0\pi^0$
$450 \pm 50$	<sup>11</sup> BINON	05	GAMS 33 $\pi^-p \rightarrow \eta\eta n$
$297 \pm 12 \pm 6$	ABE	04	BELL 10.6 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-K^+K^-$
$385 \pm 58$	<sup>12</sup> AMSLER	02	CBAR 0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0\eta\eta, \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$
$495 \pm 35$	ANISOVICH	00J	SPEC
$500 \pm 100$	ANISOVICH	99B	SPEC 1.35–1.94 $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \eta\eta\pi^0$
$\sim 100$	<sup>13</sup> OAKDEN	94	RVUE 0.36–1.55 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi\pi$
$250 \pm 50$	<sup>14</sup> ASTON	91	LASS 11 $K^-p \rightarrow \Lambda K\bar{K}\pi\pi$
<sup>8</sup> Decaying into $\pi^+\pi^-2\pi^0$ .			
<sup>9</sup> Decaying into $2(\pi^+\pi^-)$ .			
<sup>10</sup> Taking into account $f_4(2050)$ .			
<sup>11</sup> First solution, PWA is ambiguous.			
<sup>12</sup> T-matrix pole.			
<sup>13</sup> From solution B of amplitude analysis of data on $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi\pi$ . See however KLOET 96 who fit $\pi^+\pi^-$ only and find waves only up to $J=3$ to be important but not significantly resonant.			
<sup>14</sup> Cannot determine spin to be 2.			

 **$f_2(1950)$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1$ $K^*(892)\bar{K}^*(892)$	seen
$\Gamma_2$ $\pi\pi$	
$\Gamma_3$ $\pi^+\pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_4$ $\pi^0\pi^0$	seen
$\Gamma_5$ $4\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_6$ $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	
$\Gamma_7$ $a_2(1320)\pi$	
$\Gamma_8$ $f_2(1270)\pi\pi$	
$\Gamma_9$ $\eta\eta$	seen
$\Gamma_{10}$ $K\bar{K}$	seen
$\Gamma_{11}$ $\gamma\gamma$	seen
$\Gamma_{12}$ $p\bar{p}$	seen

### $f_2(1950) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{10}\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$

VALUE (eV)                      DOCUMENT ID      TECN      COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

122 ± 4 ± 26                      15 ABE                      04 BELL      10.6  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-K^+K^-$

<sup>15</sup> Assuming spin 2.

$\Gamma(\pi\pi) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_2\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$

VALUE                              DOCUMENT ID      TECN      COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

162 <sup>+69+1137</sup> <sub>-42-204</sub>                      16 UEHARA                      09 BELL      10.6  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0\pi^0$

<sup>16</sup> Taking into account  $f_4(2050)$ .

### $f_2(1950)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(K^*(892)\bar{K}^*(892))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$

VALUE                              DOCUMENT ID      TECN      CHG      COMMENT

**seen**                              ASTON                      91 LASS      0      11  $K^-p \rightarrow \Lambda K\bar{K}\pi\pi$

$\Gamma(a_2(1320)\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$

VALUE                              DOCUMENT ID      TECN      COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

not seen                              BARBERIS                      00B                      450  $pp \rightarrow p_f\eta\pi^+\pi^-p_s$

not seen                              BARBERIS                      00C                      450  $pp \rightarrow p_f4\pi p_s$

possibly seen                              BARBERIS                      97B OMEG      450  $pp \rightarrow p\rho 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma(\eta\eta)/\Gamma(4\pi)$   $\Gamma_9/\Gamma_5$

VALUE                              CL%                      DOCUMENT ID      COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<5.0 \times 10^{-3}$                       90                      BARBERIS                      00E      450  $pp \rightarrow p_f\eta\eta p_s$

$\Gamma(\eta\eta)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_9/\Gamma_3$

VALUE                              DOCUMENT ID      TECN      COMMENT

**0.14 ± 0.05**                              AMSLER                      02 CBAR      0.9  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0\eta\eta, \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$

$\Gamma(p\bar{p})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$

VALUE                              EVTS                      DOCUMENT ID      TECN      COMMENT

**seen**                              111                      ALEXANDER                      10 CLEO       $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$

## $f_2(1950)$ REFERENCES

ALEXANDER	10	PR D82 092002	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
UEHARA	09	PR D79 052009	S. Uehara <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
BINON	05	PAN 68 960	F. Binon <i>et al.</i>	
ABE	04	Translated from YAF 68 998. EPJ C32 323	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AMSLER	02	EPJ C23 29	C. Amsler <i>et al.</i>	
ANISOVICH	00J	PL B491 47	A.V. Anisovich <i>et al.</i>	(RAL, LOQM, PNPI+)
BAI	00A	PL B472 207	J.Z. Bai <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
BARBERIS	00B	PL B471 435	D. Barberis <i>et al.</i>	(WA 102 Collab.)
BARBERIS	00C	PL B471 440	D. Barberis <i>et al.</i>	(WA 102 Collab.)
BARBERIS	00E	PL B479 59	D. Barberis <i>et al.</i>	(WA 102 Collab.)
ANISOVICH	99B	PL B449 154	A.V. Anisovich <i>et al.</i>	
BARBERIS	97B	PL B413 217	D. Barberis <i>et al.</i>	(WA 102 Collab.)
KLOET	96	PR D53 6120	W.M. Kloet, F. Myhrer	(RUTG, NORD)
ANTINORI	95	PL B353 589	F. Antinori <i>et al.</i>	(ATHU, BARI, BIRM+) JP
OAKDEN	94	NP A574 731	M.N. Oakden, M.R. Pennington	(DURH)
ASTON	91	NPBPS B21 5	D. Aston <i>et al.</i>	(LASS Collab.)

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